

1st Quarter
March 1, 2016



Financials

- Cash Balance as of Dec 31, 2015 **\$162,460.93**
- 1st Quarter Expenditures **\$27,571.05**
- 2nd Quarter Expenditures **\$23,605.99**
- YTD Expenditures **\$51,177.04**
- Audit is complete – no findings
- Budget Revision

Old Business


- Basin Updates

Old Business

- Basin Updates
- **Election of 2016 Officers**
 - **President:** Jon Roberts
 - **Vice-President:** Paula Reinhold
 - **Secretary-Treasurer:** Martin Franke

Old Business

- Basin Updates
- Election of Officers
- **St. Joseph River Basin Filter Strip Initiative**



Bank Instability Results in More than Soil Loss

It's Not Just the Environment

Land along waterways can be filled with surprises. Unstable bank tops may be hidden by flowing water that has undercut the bank. Weight and vibration of heavy farm equipment might just be the formula for the remaining bank to collapse with the equipment still on it.


Filter strips provide that cushion of safety. Properly chosen plants, provide deep roots to strengthen the structure of the soil. The width of the filter strip insures that equipment will not get close to instability if undercutting occurs in the banks.

Eroded soils deposit in slow-flow areas down stream from their source. These deposits alter stream flow, resulting in upstream flooding or damage to the stream structure. This necessitates more frequent and more severe maintenance. Controlling soils before they enter streams and ditches, helps reduce the frequency and severity of drain maintenance—saving taxpayers money.

Who To Contact

For technical assistance and funding opportunities to develop and maintain a filter strip, contact your local **Natural Resource Conservation Service** and **Soil and Water Conservation District**.

For more information regarding Indiana's Filter Strip Law and tax assessment reductions, contact your **County Surveyor and Drainage Board** and **County Assessor**.




Filter Strips Protect Wildlife Habitat

ST. JOSEPH RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

227 W. Jefferson Blvd. - #1120
South Bend, IN 46601-1830
P: 574-297-1929
F: 574-939-4972
www.sjrb.com

**IMPROVING
WATER QUALITY
THROUGH GOOD
CONSERVATION
PRACTICES**



**IC
6-1.1-6.7
Indiana's
Filter
Strip Law**

Old Business

- Basin Updates
- Election of Officers
- St. Joseph River Basin Filter Strip Initiative
- **IN Watershed Leadership Academy Scholarship**
 - **Randy Sexton, Noble County Surveyor**

Indiana Watershed



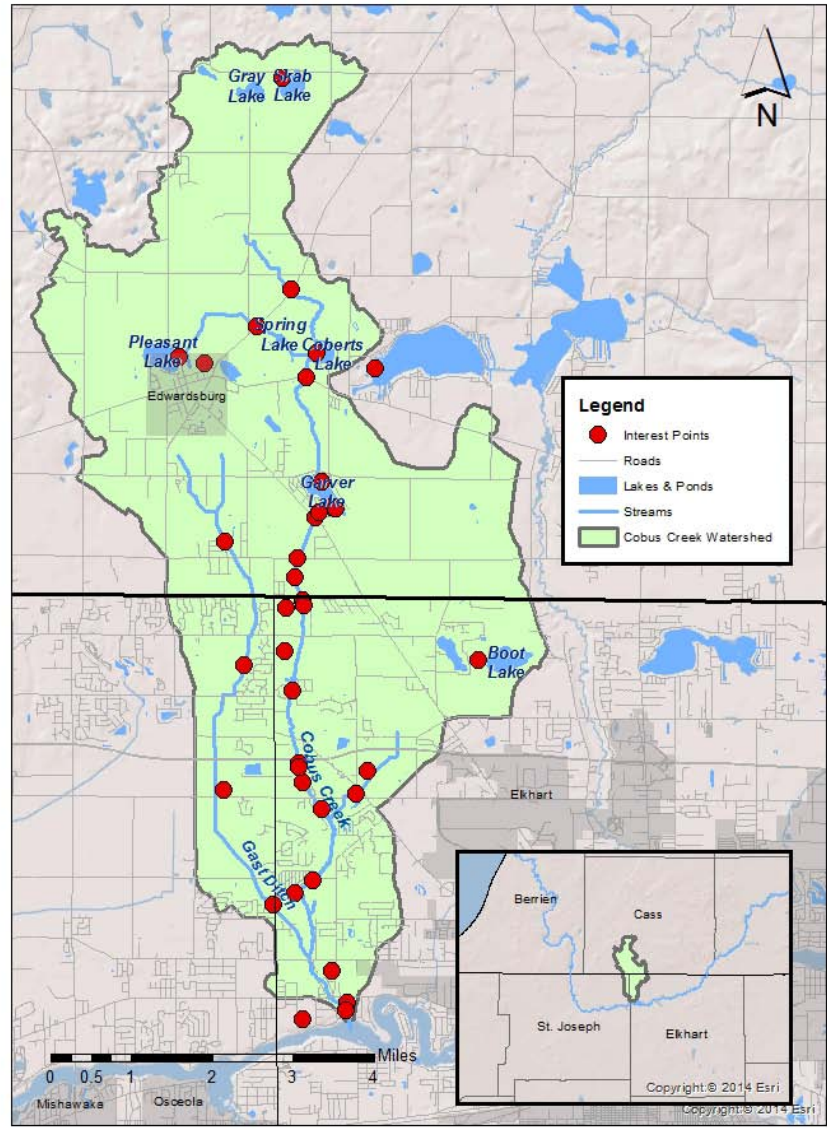
Leadership Program

Old Business

- Basin Updates
- Election of Officers
- St. Joseph River Basin Filter Strip Initiative
- IN Watershed Leadership Academy Scholarship
- **Cobus Creek Watershed Diagnostic Study**
 - **2 Meetings have been held**



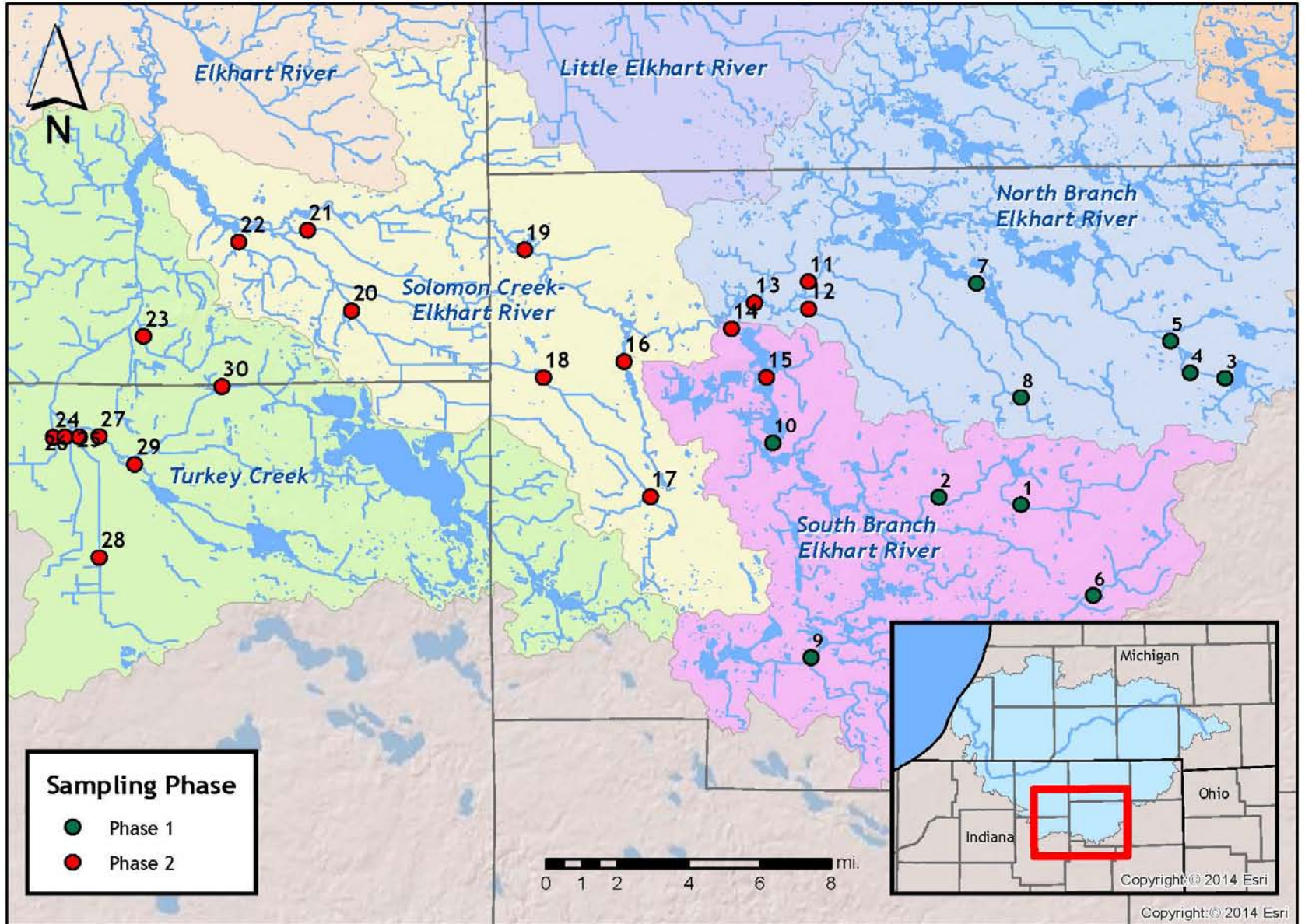
Cobus Creek Watershed

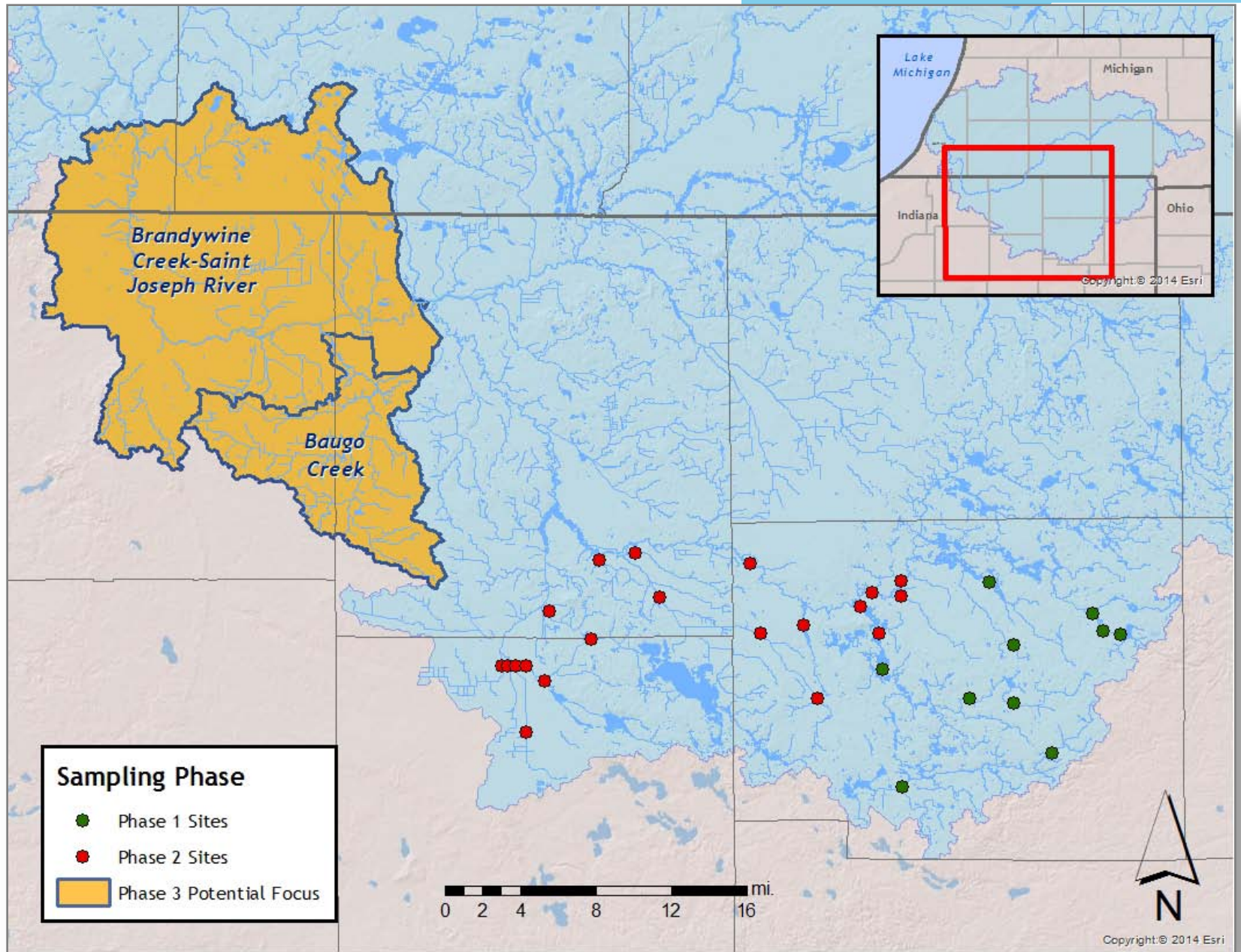


Old Business

- Basin Updates
- Election of Officers
- St. Joseph River Basin Filter Strip Initiative
- IN Watershed Leadership Academy Scholarship
- Cobus Creek Watershed Diagnostic Study
- **Water Monitoring Program Update**

SJRBC Sampling Sites





Old Business

- Basin Updates
- Election of Officers
- St. Joseph River Basin Filter Strip Initiative
- IN Watershed Leadership Academy Scholarship
- Cobus Creek Watershed Diagnostic Study
- Water Monitoring Program Update
- **Elkhart River Conservation Initiative**
 - **Workshop in near future**

New Business

- **Inter-Local Memorandum of Understanding –
Ontwa Township, Michigan**

New Business

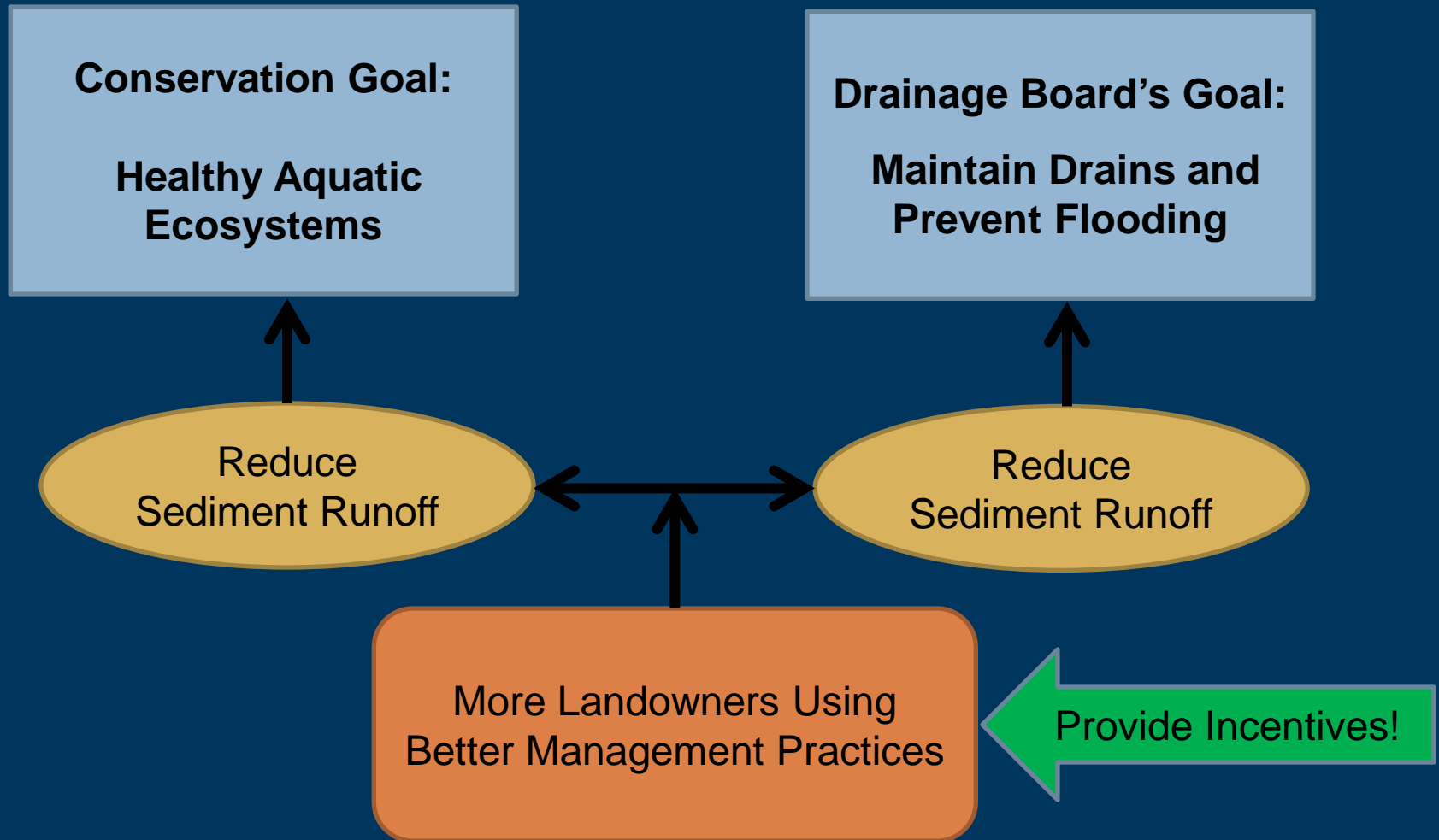
- Inter-Local Memorandum of Understanding –
Ontwa Township, Michigan
- **16th Annual IN-MI St. Joseph River Basin
Symposium – Request for Presenters**
 - **May 20th, 2016**



Creating Incentives for Better Management *Through Drain Maintenance Apportionment*

Matt Meersman, Van Buren Conservation District

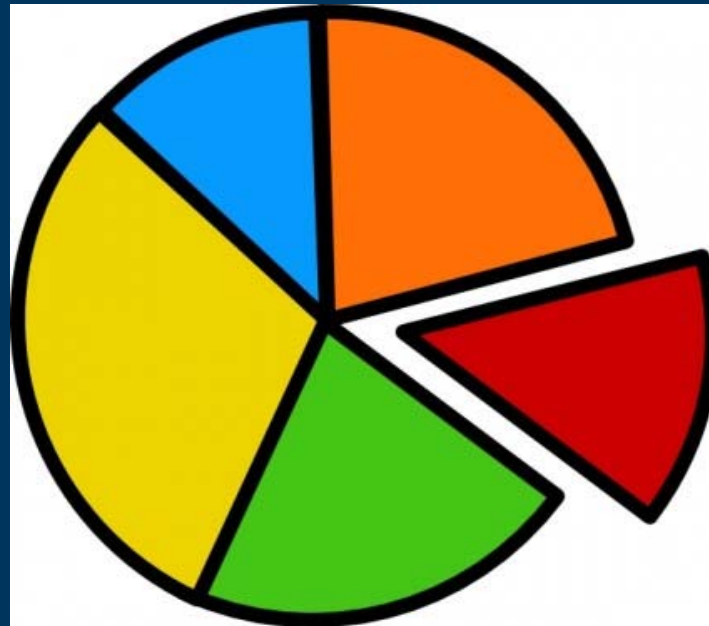
Where Our Interests Align



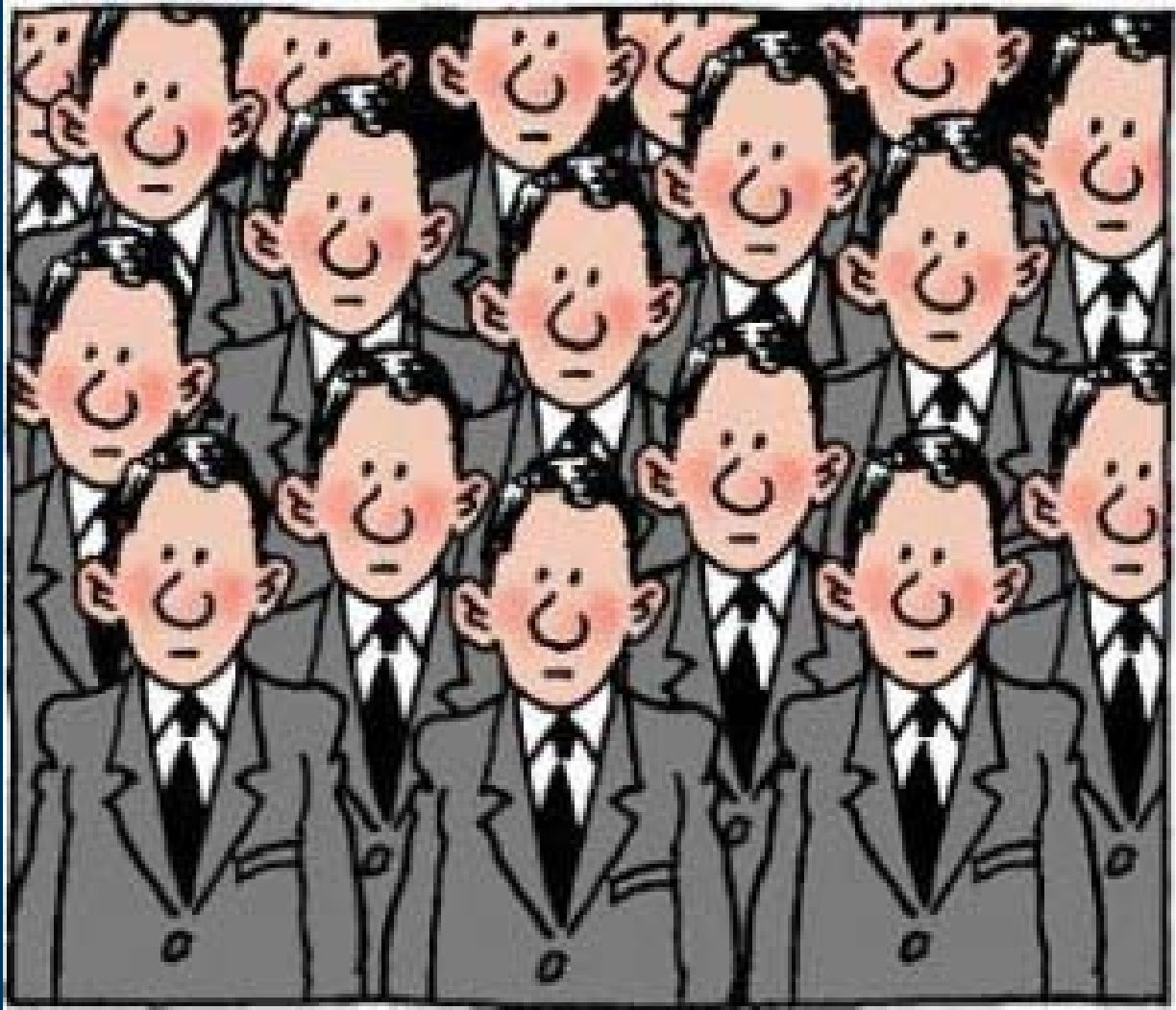
What is apportionment?

From the Indiana Drainage Code 36-9-27-39:

*The percentage of the estimated cost of periodically maintaining the drain to be assessed against each tract of land... shall be based on the **benefit accruing** to each tract of land from the maintenance...*



Some Benefits Are Accrued Uniformly



Some Benefits Are Variable

What kind of benefits do
landowners get from the drain?

Some Benefits Are Variable

What kind of benefits do landowners get from the drain?

What kind of information (data, criteria, tools, etc.) could we use to “measure” those benefits?

How does the law say **benefits accrued** should be measured?

From the Indiana Drainage Code 36-9-27-112:

In determining benefits to land under Section 39, the board may consider:

- 1. The watershed affected by the drain to be maintained;*
- 2. The number of acres in each tract;*
- 3. The total volume of water draining into or through the drain and **the amount of water contributed by each land owner;***
- 4. **The land use;***
- 5. The increased value accruing to each tract of land from the maintenance;*
- 6. Whether the various tracts are adjacent, upland, upstream or downstream in relation to the main trunk of the drain;*
- 7. Elimination or reduction of damage from floods;*
- 8. The soil type; and*
- 9. **Any other factors affecting the maintenance.***

Van Buren County Pilot Project

Premise: Should be cheaper, and result in less environmental impacts, to prevent sediment from entering the drain than removing it after it gets there.

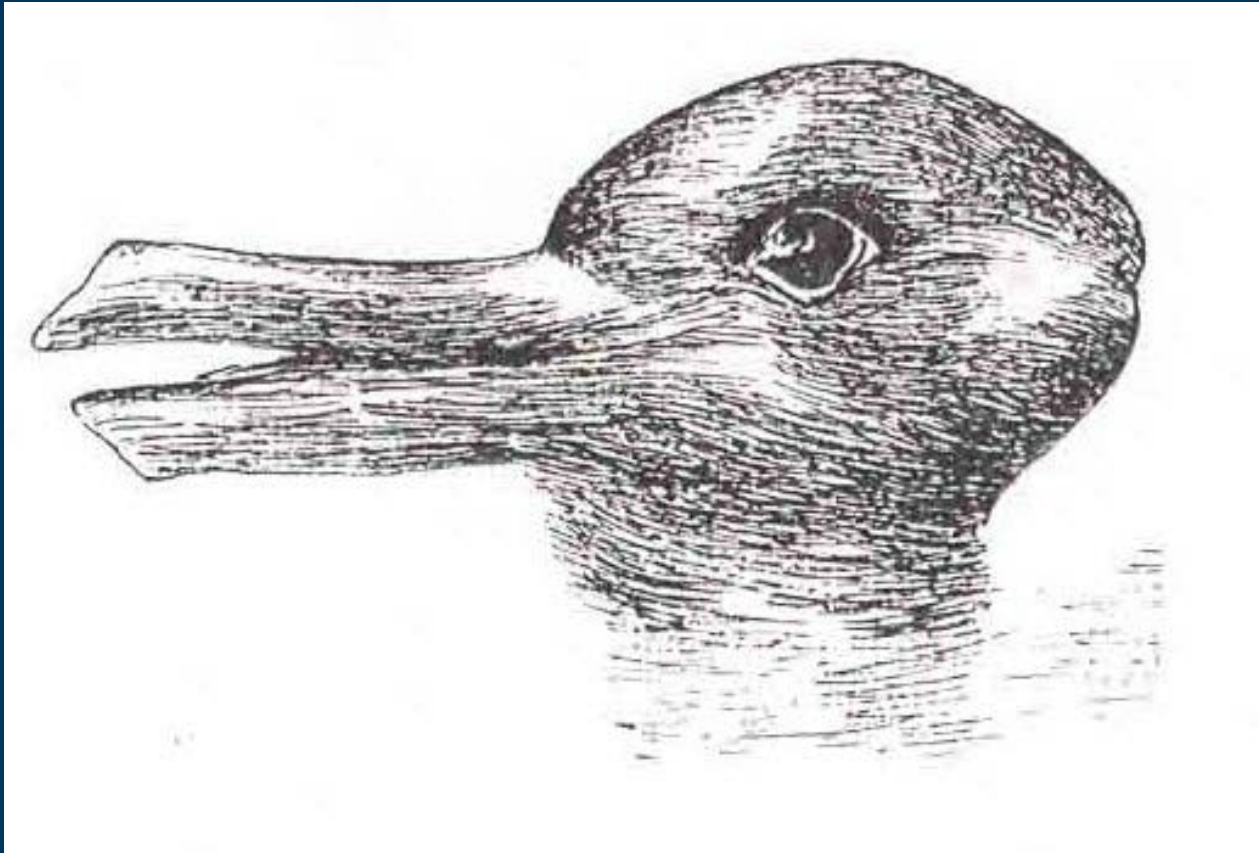
Project Strategy: Develop a new assessment methodology that rewards landowners who use conservation practices



MICHIGAN STATE
UNIVERSITY



Benefits Accrued – Static vs. Dynamic



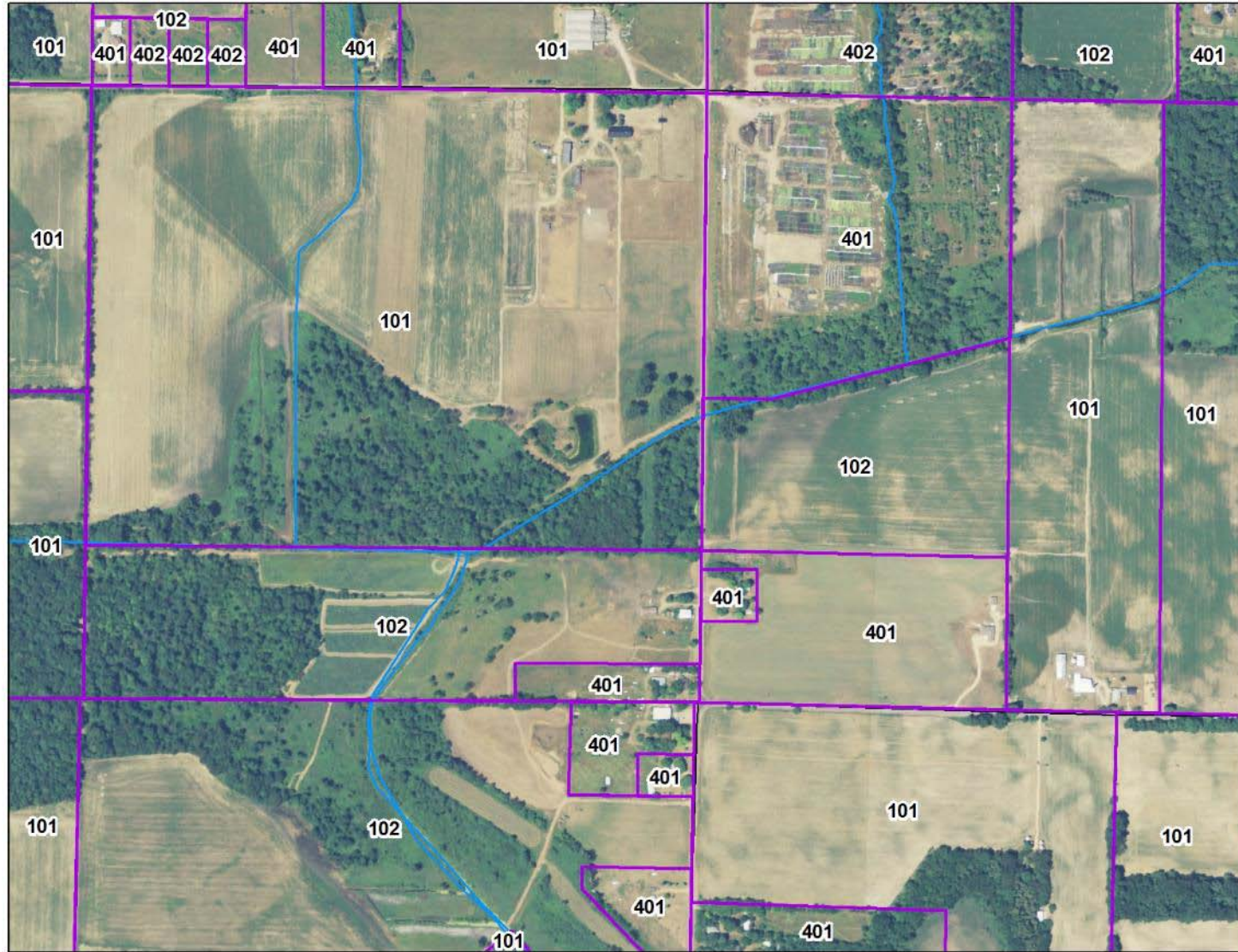
Apportionment Factors



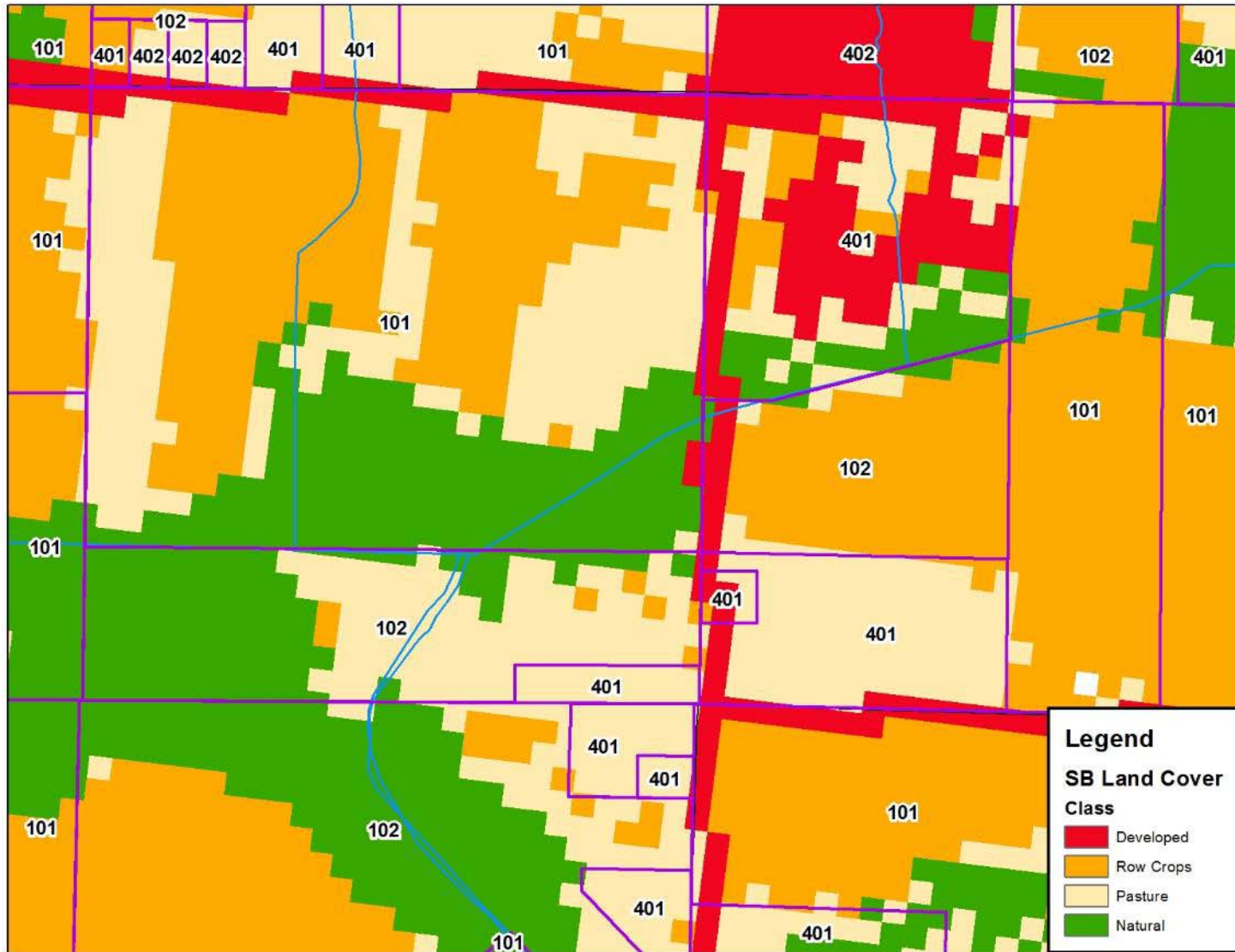
Need



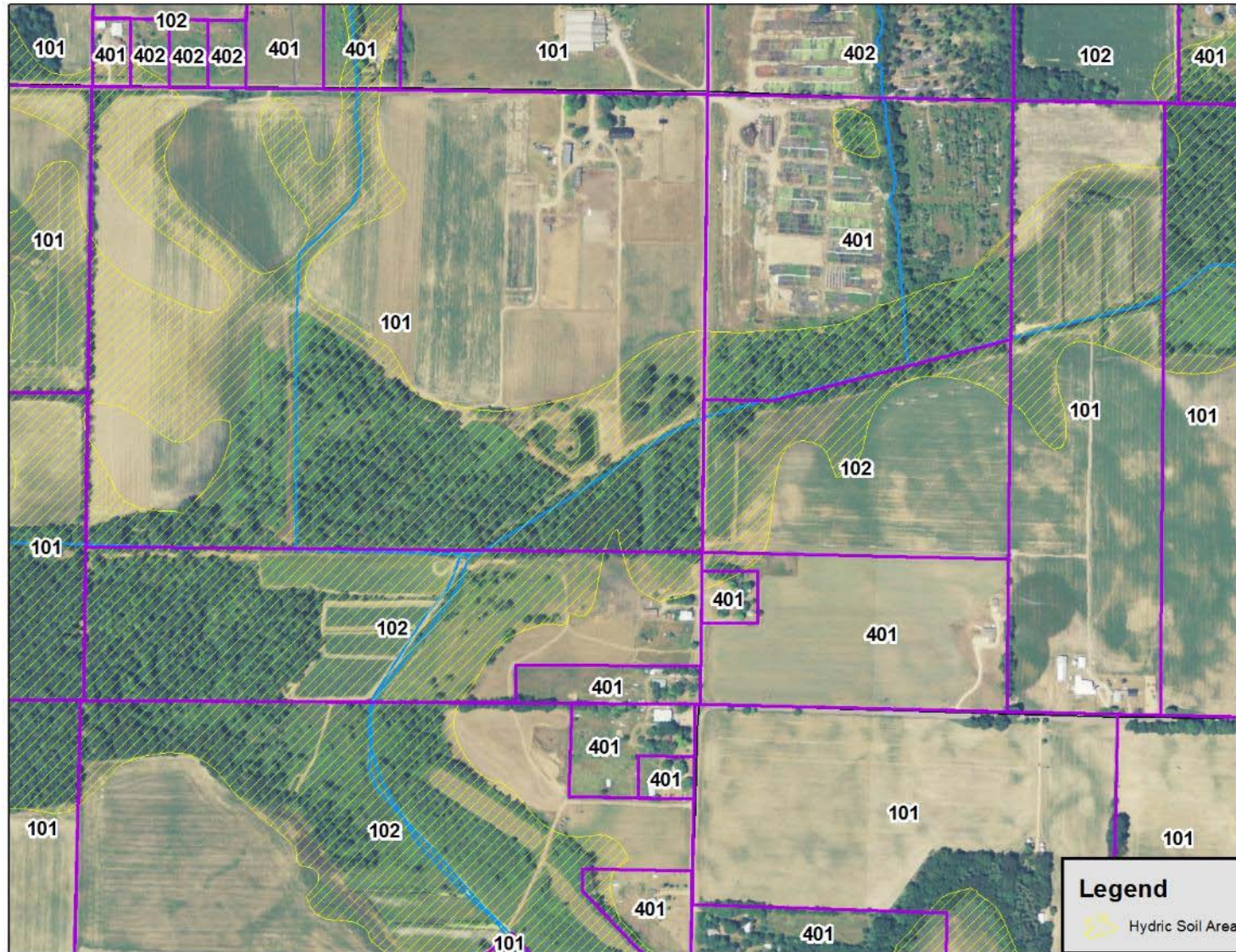
Use Factor – Land Cover



Use Factor – Land Cover



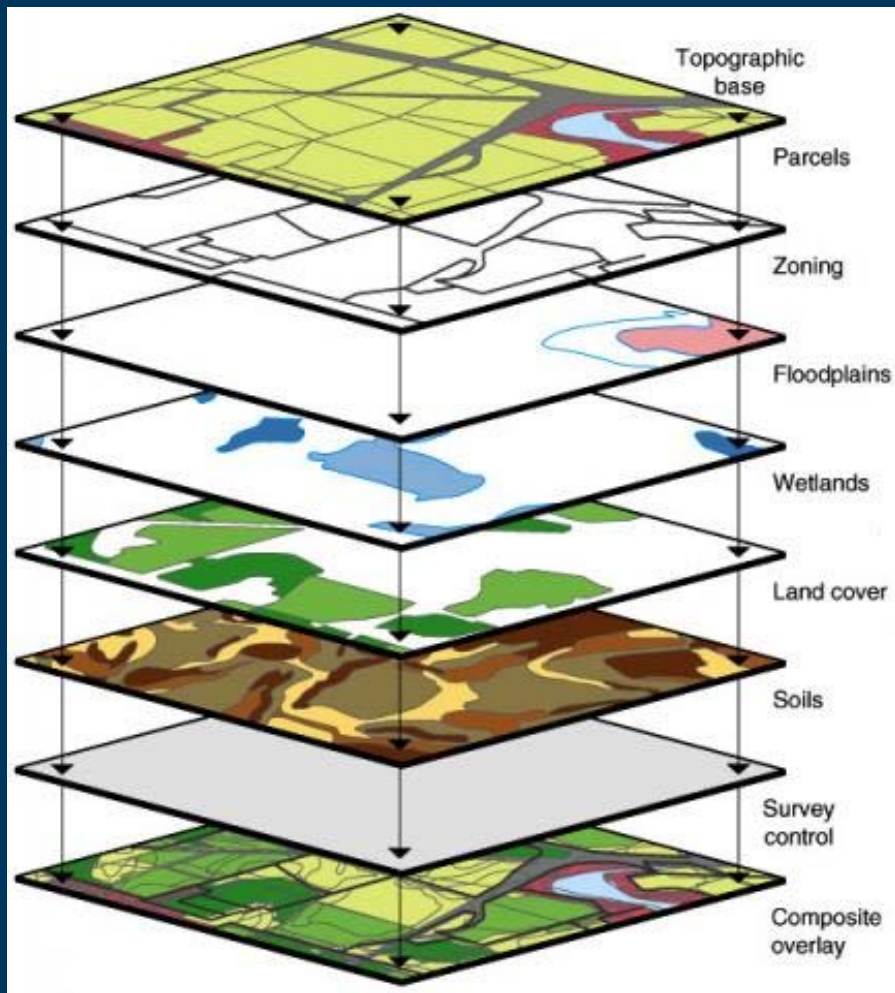
Need Factor – Hydric Soils



Management Factor – Runoff Reduction



Landscape & Site Level Inspection



Tracking Number: 9B

BMP CERTIFICATION AGREEMENT

Please complete a separate agreement form for each parcel you wish to certify in this program

Applicant Name	Gary Wojack	Telephone	269-507-6532	Date	8/29/14
Check all that apply:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Producer		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Landowner		Parcel #
Mailing Address	77941 41st St. Decatur, MI 49045			80-08-007-009-00	
Twp., Sec., Range	04S14W09		Drainage District(s) Gates		
Is this Parcel/Field adjacent to or does it contain a drain, creek, river or lake? (<input type="checkbox"/> Yes / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No)					
If Yes, please provide the name of the water body (if known):					
How did you hear about the certification program? Colleen Forestieri					
Why do you use the practices indicated below? Time, money, build soil quality and improve infiltration					

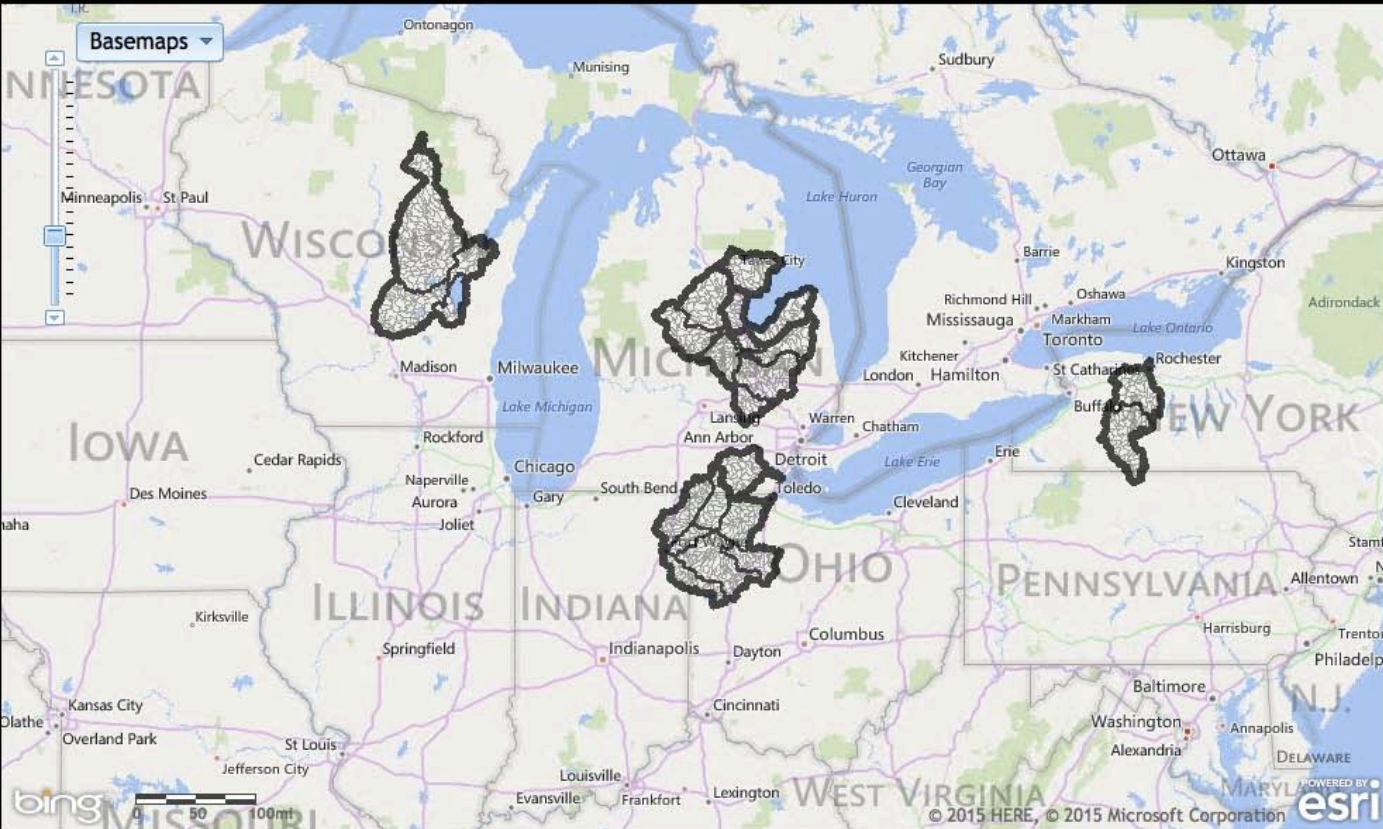
To be completed by VBDC:

Indicate the BMP(s) that have been applied to this parcel using the table below. Each agreement form may contain multiple BMPs for a single parcel. [Attach map with BMP locations.]

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Best Management Practices	Linear Feet	BMP Acres	Sediment Reduction	How long has it been utilized?
Cover Crops					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Type: Annual Ryegrass - Aerial Application		98	5.1	1 month
<input type="checkbox"/>	Type:				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Type:				
Grass Waterways					
<input type="checkbox"/>	Width:				
Filter Strips					
<input type="checkbox"/>	Width:				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Width:				
Tillage					
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mulch-Till				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No-Till		98	17.2	3 years
Total				22.3	

Sediment Calculator made it easy!

Great Lakes Watershed Management System [login/logout](#)



Introduction

The Great Lakes Watershed Management System (GLWMS) is an on-line tool that allows users to evaluate non-point source (NPS) pollution model estimates at watershed and field scales. The system links two water quality models, [High Impact Targeting \(HIT\)](#) from the [Institute of Water Research at Michigan State University](#), and the [Long Term Hydrologic Impact Assessment \(L-THIA\)](#) from [Purdue University's Department of Agricultural and Biological Engineering](#). HIT estimates sediment loading from agricultural lands to nearby streams; L-THIA estimates run-off volumes and pollutant loads.

The GLWMS allows users to view HIT and L-THIA estimates at watershed scales, and conduct field scale scenario evaluations of land cover changes or best management practices (BMPs).

The system is currently available for the priority basins of the [EPA's Great Lakes Restoration Initiative](#): the Fox River Basin of Wisconsin, the Saginaw River Basin of Michigan, the Maumee River Basin of Ohio, and the Genessee River Basin of New York.

Navigation

[Map Layers](#)

[Legend](#)

[Analysis](#)

[About the Models](#)

[About the Tool](#)

Active Map Tool: Identify features on-click

-85.08315430, 47.10149403

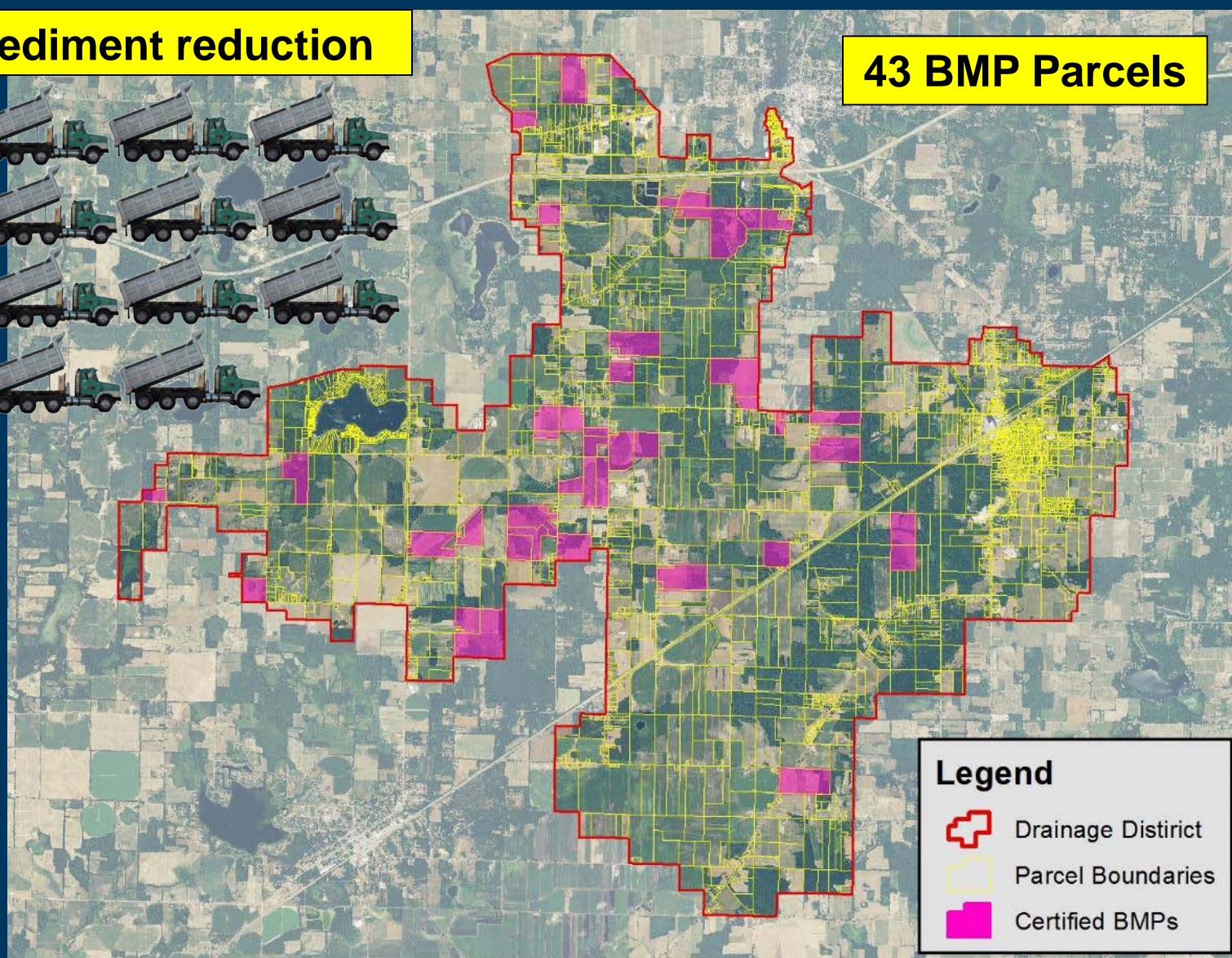
Institute of Water Research at Michigan State University, all rights reserved 2015

Pilot Project Outcomes




192 tons of sediment reduction



43 BMP Parcels



Legend

-  Drainage District
-  Parcel Boundaries
-  Certified BMPs



21% savings

What Did We Learn?



How Do Drain Officials See Themselves?

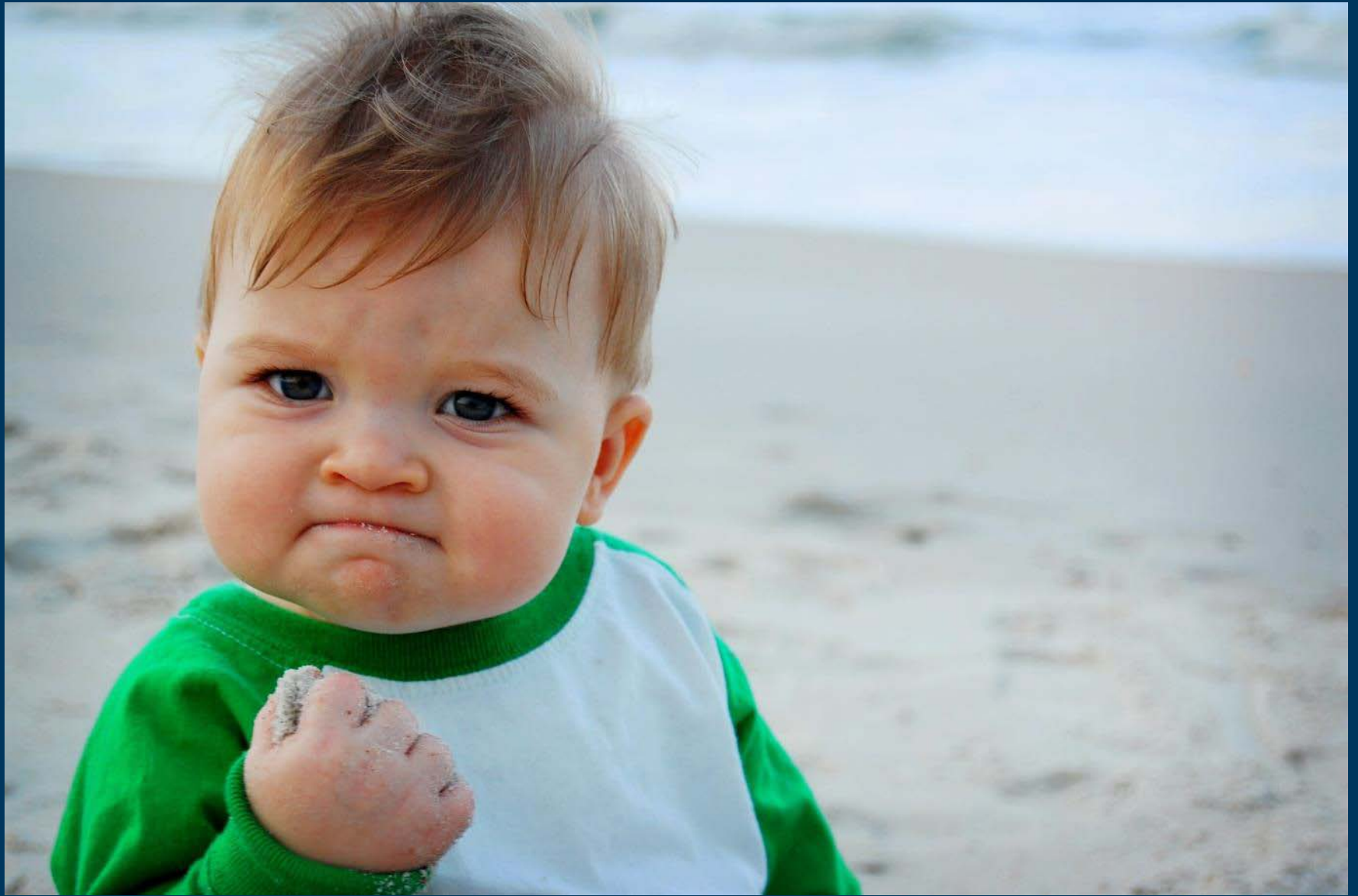


How Does The Public See Them?

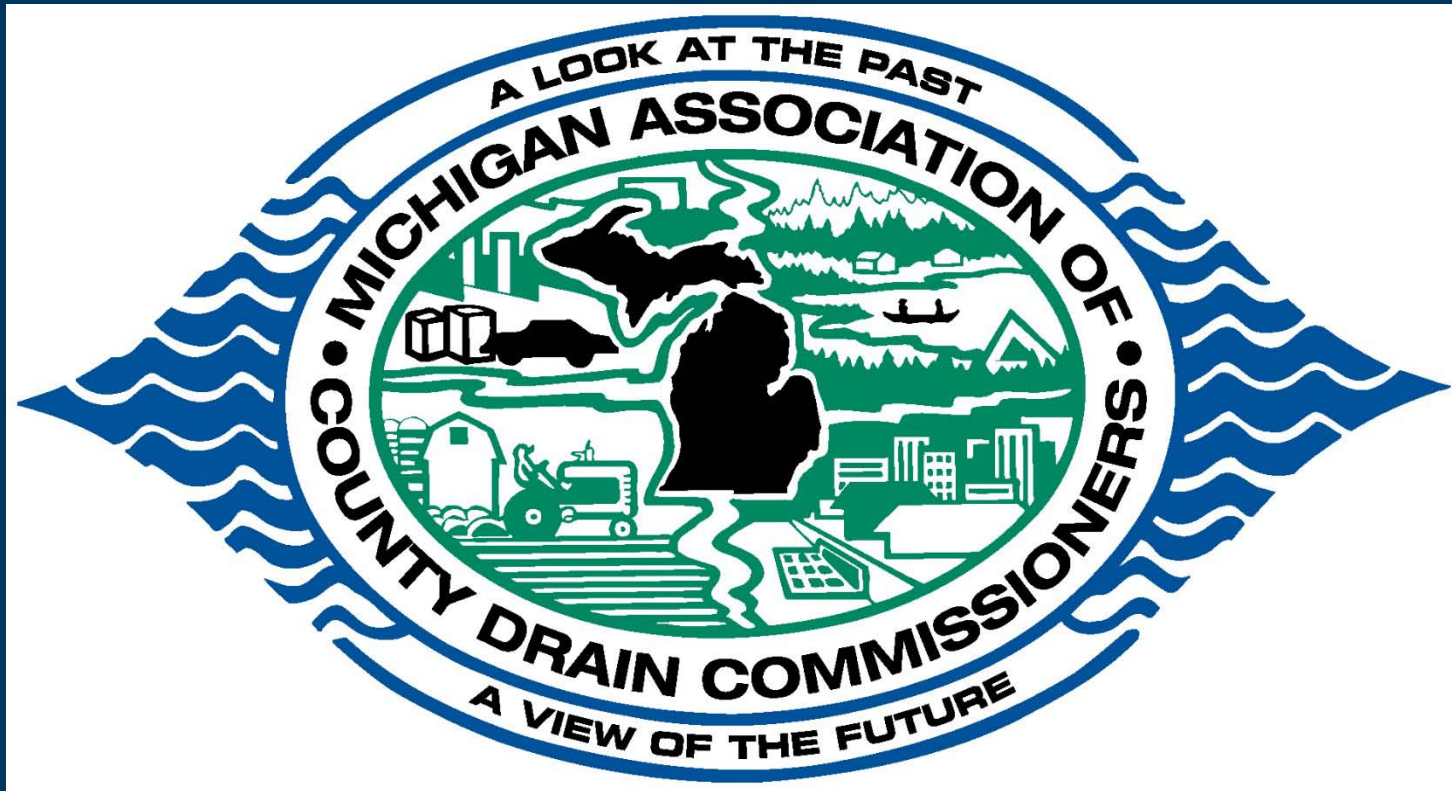




Challenge Or Opportunity?

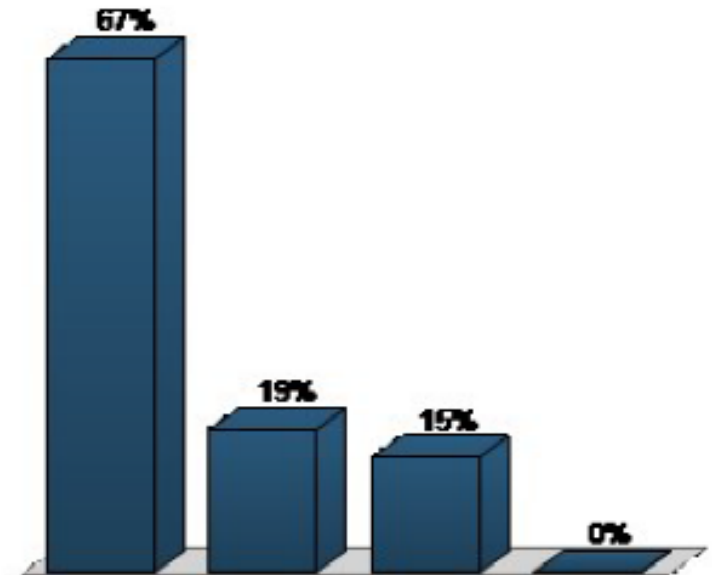


What did the Michigan officials think?



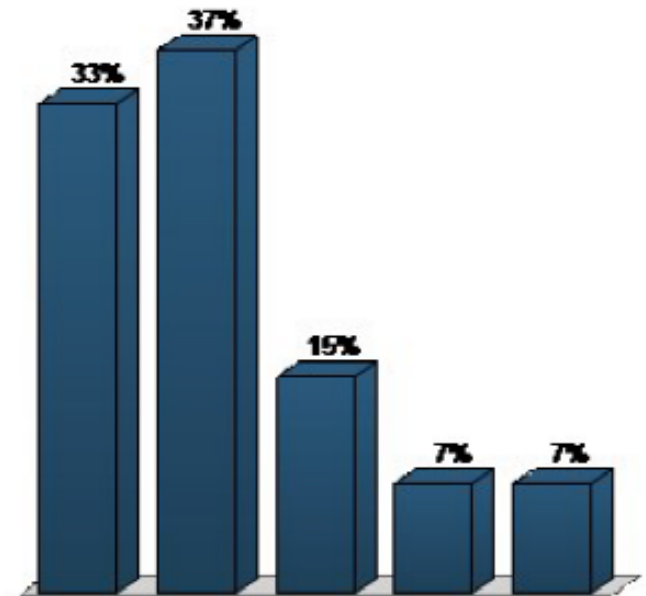
Do you think management practices that reduce sediment and runoff should be considered when determining benefits derived and apportionment?

Responses		
	Percent	Count
Yes	66.67%	18
No	18.52%	5
Maybe	14.81%	4
I don't know	0%	0
Totals	100%	27



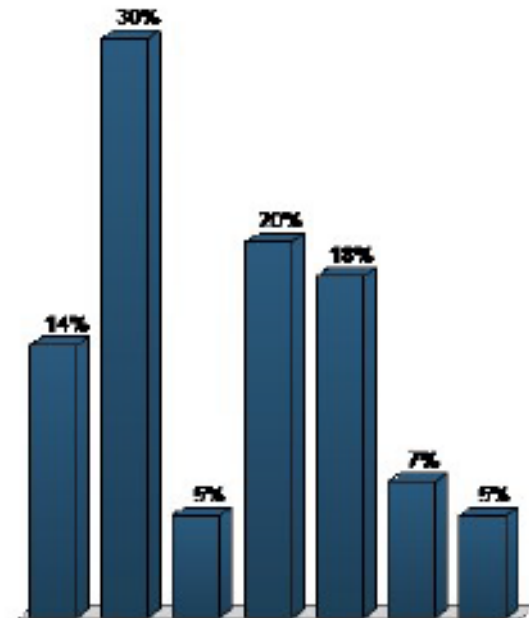
Please indicate your level of interest in at least considering implementing a similar strategy in your county?

Responses		
	Percent	Count
Very interested	33.33%	9
Somewhat interested	37.04%	10
Not very interested	14.81%	4
I would NOT consider implementing this strategy	7.41%	2
I'm not in a position to answer	7.41%	2
Totals	100%	27



In your opinion what may be the 2 biggest obstacles for implementing this strategy broadly?

	Responses	
	Percent	Count
Don't have the GIS capabilities to implement	14.29%	8
Don't want to do frequent Days of Review	30.36%	17
Landowners won't accept it	5.36%	3
Fearful of potential legal challenges	19.64%	11
Lack of a BMP Certification Program	17.86%	10
I don't see any major obstacles	7.14%	4
Other	5.36%	3
Totals	100%	56



Questions?



The Future of Drain Management?

BUENA VISTA COUNTY'S SOMETOWN NEWSPAPER

The Storm Lake Times

STORM LAKE, IOWA — *The City Beautiful* ■ WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 2013 ■ 36 PAGES, 4 SECTIONS ■ 41

DM WATER WORKS SET TO SUE UPSTREAM OVER FARM RUNOFF

Drainage districts, state may be defendants

LAST SPRING SENT WATER PLANT INTO 80-DAY CRISIS

Board grapples with question of who to sue

BY ART COLLIER

Don Motson, Water Works Chief Executive Officer (CEO), says he told the Storm Lake Times on Monday that his board wants to file a lawsuit to stop farm and feed channel runoff into the Raccoon and Des Moines rivers.

He says he is not sure who to sue upstream from Don Motson, Snow said.

"The struggle is with who do we think has an identifiable legal responsibility for this," said Snow, referring principally to nitrate pollution of the two rivers from which the DMWW draws water for 300,000 central Iowa consumers.

"Drainage districts are one of the options," he said.

"When asked if a lawsuit is imminent, Snow smiled.

"No, absolutely."

Drainage districts are comprised of landowners whose the county board of supervisors acts as trustee for the district. Each district has its own structure and members, different from

Snow said litigation could be filed this fall. It probably will have to wait for spring for more data collection, he said. Nitrate runs most in the river in spring when water is moving.

Last spring's torrential rains and subsequent erosion — up to 20 tons per acre in BV County, the highest in the state — overwhelmed the treatment capacity of DMWW's nitrate removal system (the largest in the world).

"We were in a crisis for 80 days this spring," Snow said. "When we were in danger of telling our customers that we were in violation of the Safe Drinking Water Act, we were a little bit on our own."



"These problems are not just going to go away on their own." — DON MOTSON, CEO

STATE BOARD REJECTS QUALITY STANDARDS FOR 159 IOWA LAKES

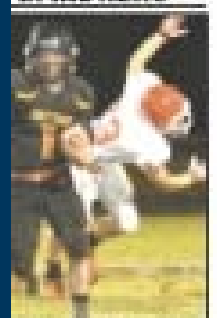
EPC wants to let voluntary effort work first

BY ART COLLIER

The Iowa Environmental Protection Commission voted Monday to let water quality standards for 159 Iowa lakes sit on ice until the state has more data on water quality.

Green Saver
IN THIS ISSUE
10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100

IN THE NEWS



FOOTBALL
IN THE NEWS
View game recap
The Cardinals helped the team clinch a state playoff berth with a 49-7 win over Johnston Area on Friday. A. Noland-Jordan, now 7-1, also celebrated a 70-16 victory over Cornwell on Friday. St. Mary's topped Aurora in a volleyball showdown on Thursday. BY JOE MITCHELL

1st Quarter
March 1, 2016



Next Meeting
June 7th, 2016

