St. Joseph River Basin Commission

2018 River Basin Roundup

Jordan Beehler Elkhart County Soil & Water Conservation District



Storm Water Alliance Management Program

(SWAMP)



Storm Water Alliance Management Program

(SWAMP)

SWCD Goal Conservation on the Land!



County Goal Spend no money.









Elkhart County Stormwater Fee

aka "the pot of money"

USDA NRCS SWAMP EQIP/CRP etc.

USDA NRCS SWAMP EQIP/CRP etc.



Spend no money.....

Allocation Year 1: \$50,000

We spent the money.

Spent Year 1: \$50,298

We put conservation on the land.

Cover Crop Acres Year 1: around 1600

We got more money.

Allocation Year 2: \$100,000

Awareness & Options



Support of County & City Officials



Impacts 2017 Cover Crops

SedimentOn-Farm BenefitOff-Farm BenefitNot ErodedNutrientsWater Quality

15,517 tons

\$32,585

\$76,498

Impacts – Filter Strip 1 installed filter strip over 25 years

Without Filter Strip

With Filter Strip

\$34,848

\$3,448

Impacts – County Departments Partnerships & Awareness

Health Department

Surveyor

Commissioners



Storm Water Alliance Management Program

(SWAMP)

Thank You!

Questions? (only 3 minutes...)

Questions? (only 2 minutes...)

Questions? (only 1 more minute...)

Korie Blyveis

Cass County Conservation Distrcit

CASS COUNTY **ONSERVATION DISTRICT**

SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PROGRAM

CCCD Korie.blyveis@macd.org

Soil Erosion & Sedimentation Control

The Board of Commissioners of Cass County appointed the District as the County Enforcing Agency (CEA) to administer & enforce Michigan State Law Part 91: Soil Erosion & Sedimentation Control (SESC) of the Natural Resources & Environmental Protection Act.



A SESC permit is generally required from our office when a landowner is making any "earth change" that is within **500 feet of a lake or stream or is one acre or more in size.**

Some earth change activities may be exempt from obtaining a permit; however,

> <u>all projects are required to</u> <u>comply with Part 91 and</u> <u>ensure that no soil or</u> <u>sediment crosses property</u> <u>lines or enters lakes, streams</u> <u>or wetlands</u>.



Silt Fence









Cass County Conservation District 1127 E State St., Cassopolis, MI 49031 Tel: 269-445-8641 Ext. 5 www.cassccdistrict.org

NOTICE OF VIOLATION

Soil Erosion & Sedimentation Control Permit Number:

Location of Project: Cass County, Porter Township Lakeshore Drive

Site Inspection Date: 2/20/2018

Violations of Part 91 Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control, PA 451 of 1994, as amended:

- 1. Silt fence failure between work area and Birch Lake and neighbor to north.
- 2. Silt fence needs repair/maintenance on roadside, northside, and lakeside.
- 3. Soil/sediment on roadway
- 4. Permit not posted.

Corrective Action to Be Taken:

- 1. Properly maintain silt fence and any other soil erosion controls.
- 2. Sweep street of soil/sediment.
- 3. Recommend placement of erosion control blanket to prevent more movement of soil.
- 4. Post permit.

\$50 fee for each re-inspection due to violation.

Failure to Comply

1. A person who violates Part 91 may be responsible for a municipal civil infraction with fines up to \$2,500. A person who knowingly violates after a notice of determination is responsible for payment of a civil fine of not less than \$2,500 or more than \$25,000 for each day of violation.

Corrective actions must be adequately accomplished by Monday, February 26, 2018.

Reminder: Per Part 91 - A person shall complete permanent soil erosion control measures for all slopes, channels, ditches, or any disturbed land within 5 calendar days after final grading or the final earth change has been completed. If it is not possible to permanently stabilize a disturbed area after an earth change has been completed or if significant earth change activity ceases, then a person shall maintain temporary soil erosion and sedimentation control measures until permanent soil erosion control measures are in place and the area is stabilized.

Please contact our office with plans for stabilization and notify us when corrective action required above is complete.

Korie Blyveis, County Enforcing Agent, Cass County Soil Erosion & Sedimentation Control Program

CC: Michigan Department of Environmental Quality and Porter Township

Sincerely,
























Soil Erosion/Sedimentation Control Supplies

- Turbidity curtain (waterfront construction sites, see below for details)
- Mulch (hardwood is best)
- Grass Seed
- Wattles
- Erosion control blankets
- Turf reinforcement mat
- Storm inlet sediment trap

Turbidity curtains are flexible sediment control barriers designed to prevent the spread of silt and sediment in lakes and other water bodies when work is being performed in water, on or near the shoreline.



Please contact the Michigan DEQ Water Resources Division at 269-567-3500 to permit work below the high water mark (seawalls).

How does construction and development affect water quality?

Eroded soil from construction and development sites is carried to streams and lakes where it causes:

- Excess cloudiness that harms aquatic life, increases water treatment costs, and makes the water less useful for recreation
- Sedimentation that clogs drainage ditches, stream channels, water intakes and reservoirs, and destroys habitat



The Cass County Conservation District is appointed to administer & enforce MI State Law Part 91: Soil Erosion & Sedimentation Control (SESC) of the Natural Resources &

Environmental Protection Act. Contact us to obtain a permit for any "earth change" over 1 acre in size or within 500' of a lake or stream.

We'd be happy to talk with you about your project needs. Contact us at:

1127 East State Street Cassopolis, MI 49031 (269) 445-8641 X5 <u>www.cassccdistrict.org</u> and please connect with us on



Water Quality Protection for Construction & Development



KEEP SOIL ON THE SITE!

Reference guide for contractors, homeowners & affiliated parties.

How to Properly Install Silt Fence

- Dig a trench about 6 inches wide and 6 inches deep across the slope where you wish to install the fencing.
- 2. Place the base of the silt fencing in the trench. Be sure that the posts are positioned on the down slope side.
- 3. Backfill the trench being sure to compact the soil.
- If fabric with a support fence (wire or plastic) is used, posts should be spaced 10 feet apart at most. If no support fence is used, the spacing should be reduced to 6 feet apart. Posts should be driven at least one foot into the ground.
- Silt fencing should be no higher than 3 feet.
- If you must join two pieces of silt fencing, splice the fabric at a support post and overlap the fabric a minimum of 6 inches – twisting the two sections onto the post. Seal it as securely as possible.

Stormwater Tips

Keep these tips in mind during the planning process to help mitigate damaging soil erosion and manage stormwater runoff.

- Install a rain garden; helps to prevent flooding and runoff
- Install a swale; helps redirect excess water to an area with good drainage and water tolerance
- Use heavier mulch; hardwood mulches are best and help keep soil in place, unlike lighter mulches

Keep Drainage in Mind!

Be sure to pay attention to where water drains on your construction site to properly address any issues that may arise. Install the correct soil erosion and sedimentation control measures to prevent flooding or soil erosion issues on site.

Native vegetation helps prevent soil erosion and conserves water!

Be aware invasive species often flourish





<u>Don't</u> expect silt fence to handle huge rain events on large sites! It would be better to have more grass buffer or stage excavation.



<u>Don't</u> use silt fence as a retaining wall for stockpiles of soil!



Do use silt fence to protect lakes, rivers, streams, and wetlands!

Thank You!

Questions? (only 3 minutes...)

Questions? (only 2 minutes...)

Questions? (only 1 more minute...)

Kieran Fahey City of South Bend Public Works

Reinventing CSO Solutions

City of South Bend, Indiana

Kieran Fahey







Changing away from CSO approach

- •1994 EPA CSO policy
- •2012 Consent Decree
- •20 year Plan (Long-term Control Plan- LTCP)



LTCP Phase 2 (Price tag \$713m)



Phase 2 is an exclusively grey infrastructure approach. Unfortunately no smart or green technology.

- 7 Storage tanks
- 1 Storage conduit
- 1 parallel interceptor

But the Problem is Affordability (\$713m)

- 1 in 5 households would pay 10% of their household income just toward their water bill.
- 1 in 10 would pay 14%.
- On average 3.69% of MHI

Residential Indicator across South Bend



Affordability (\$713m)

Due to affordability there was clearly need to reimagine the CSO solution.

We used Smart Sewer Sensoring technology and combined it with Green Stormwater Infrastructure and a reduced plan for Grey infrastructure to save over \$500m

#1 Turn on the lights





Most densely monitored Sewer System in the World 11,826,000 hours or 1,350 years of data

#2 Operate the Sewershed



#3 Old/Existing LTCP Model



#3 New Data Driven Model (using gathered "real data")



Revising the LTCP- summary of previous slides

- 1. Data-driven maintenance created increased capacity;
- 2. Real Time Control exceeded expectations in <u>reducing overflows;</u>
- 3. New hyper-accurate model shows <u>deficiencies in old LTCP model;</u>
- 4. Original LTCP builds infrastructure but would not address the problem.

Novel South Bend Proposal:

We use our smart sewer data and new model to optimize the LTCP in the cloud!

Revising the LTCP: OptiSWMM

Previously we described how we came up with a better model- meaning, from a quality perspective, it was a better, more quality, product.

The next step regards the frequency of 'running' that new model.

Introducing OptiSWMM- allows us to run 1000s upon 1000s of model runs, not just a few scenarios like before. This allows many more permeations of LTCP alternatives to be considered.

LTCP update- how we were able to change

Sewer sensors + time = system knowledge

System knowledge informing model with real data (CHRS data)

Real Data (CHRS data) + Optimization modelling x 10,000's runs (via OptiSWMM)

Next Generation Data Driven alternative Smarter Alternative for a Greener Alternative

Plus Green stormwater Infrastructure

SAGE-SAGE-SAGE-SAGE-SAGE-SAGE-SAGE-SAGE

•South Bend's SAGE plan

- <u>S</u>marter
- <u>A</u>lternative for a
- <u>G</u>reener
- <u>Environment</u>



Success so far:

Series2 Series1 \dots Log. (Series2) 48.3 **OVERFLOW MILLION GALLONS** 41.9 39.9 36.5 35.8 INCHES OF RAIN 33.5 29.8 29.5 ****** ·•••••••••••• 410. - 467 1587 Million fewer gallons per year **Real Time Control Real Time Monitoring System Implementation System Implementation**

Steady Water Quality Improvement – Reduced E Coli

E. COLI GEOMETRIC MEAN CONCENTRATION (CFU/100ML)

■ Series1 ■ Series2 ■ Series3 ■ Series4 ■ Series5



The Regulators

Successes so far-

"the EPA and IDEM strongly encourage South Bend's efforts to develop a less expensive LTCP"

"(South Bend has) pursued an innovative approach by installing over 100 smart sensors in its sewer system"

Thank you! That's all folks
Thank You!

Questions? (only 3 minutes...)

Questions? (only 2 minutes...)

Questions? (only 1 more minute...)

Kevin Haight Two Rivers Coalition, Inc.



TRC only covers the main stem, not the Big South Branch of the Paw Paw River.







This is our 5th season of volunteer stream monitoring for macroinvertebrates.





TRC has been working for years on river clean-ups.

MEDERNES



...yes, that is a portable toilet.

5





In 2017, TRC began testing for E. coli and has applied for a grant in 2018.

#186

The Paw Paw River Water Trail... (a stealth campaign to convert paddlers into environmentalists).

TRC wants to make sure the largest contiguous floodplain forest corridor in SW Michigan is protected...

...and the water remains so clear you can see the gravel bars.

Community paddles build support.

Water trail maintenance (over 70 miles in 2017)



Please don't try this at home!

Goal is a water trail that preserves this precious natural resource.



Full body immersion is NOT recommended

Thank You!

Questions? (only 3 minutes...)

Questions? (only 2 minutes...)

Questions? (only 1 more minute...)

Marcy Hamilton Southwest Michigan Planning Commission

Changing Currents Sustaining the Ox Creek Watershed

> Marcy Hamilton Southwest Michigan Planning Commission

Why Ox Creek?











| | Section 1 | Area (acres) 2,150 | Development Intensity | | | | Estimated |
|----|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|
| | Subwatersned | | High 0% | Med | Low 4% | Open .3% | Cover 1% |
| A | Yore - Stoeffer HW | | | | | | |
| В | Upper Yore - Stoeffer | 465 | 0% | 0% | 4% | 6% | 1% |
| С | Middle Yore - Stoeffer | 1,755 | 3% | 4% | 17% | 19% | 9% |
| D | Lower Yore - Stoeffer | 805 | 17% | 27% | 17% | 25% | 34% |
| Е | Ox Headwaters | 2,600 | 2% | 4% | 10% | 24% | 7% |
| F | Upper Ox | 725 | 10% | 20% | 25% | 33% | 26% |
| G | Middle Ox | 895 | 0% | 8% | 29% | 53% | 13% |
| H | Lower Ox | 1.060 | 5% | 17% | 35% | 39% | 22% |
| Ì. | Ox Outlet | 104 | 20% | 32% | 27% | 19% | 41% |





315 acres total

95 acres (30%) stormwater treated (blue areas)

220 acres (70%) stormwater not treated


CHANGING CURRENTS

Sustaining the Ox Creek Watershed





ORCHARDS MALL

AGRICULTURAL LAND

EXIT 29





MALL DRIVE RESIDENTIAL/COMMERCIAL DISTRICT



A sustainable Ox Creek Watershed will enhance the quality of life in Benton Township by improving environmental vitality and supporting regional economic growth.

Low impact, mixed use development, increased green space, and improved accessibility will promote clean water, beautify the surrounding area, and establish an attractive destination for local businesses, residents and visitors.



Ox Creek Low Impact Development Phase I

- Berrien County Drain Commission
- Southwest Michigan Planning Commission
- Benton Charter Township
- Brookfied Chrysler Dodge
- Wightman
- Two Rivers Coalition
- Cornerstone Alliance



Low Impact Development



Wightman Rain Garden

SHORT-TERM IMPLEMENTATION

Pardon our dust while we construct a rain garden that will improve the quality of stormwater runoff from our parking lot prior to entering the Ox Creek. THIS PROJECT IS FUNDED IN PART THROUGH THE MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY'S NONPOINT SOURCE PROGRAM BY THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY.

THE MALE AND A CONTRACT

THANK YOU TO OUR PROJECT PARTNERS AND SPONSORS

DEQ SEPA



SHORT-TERM IMPLEMENTATION

Remove 46,000 ft² 11,200 ft² swales 35,400 ft² dry detention



ED Co

EXISTING DRAIN TO R FOR BYPASS - States in the



RESULTS

Treat 30 acres Annual Reductions of: 48,000 lbs sediment 345 lbs nitrogen 27 lbs Phosporus





Ancillary Benefits Green – improve aesthetics Placemaking Opportunity Attract Development & Investment

PLANNING

V

I-94/Pipestone Exit





Benton Charter Township Master Plan

Incorporate Ox Creek – Orchards Mall vision Recommendations:

- Green Infrastructure Guidelines
- Parking Standards
- Frontage Requirements
- Signage/Wayfinding
- Sidewalks/non-motorized improvements

- Corridor Improvement Authority
- Petition Drain Project



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Thank You!

Questions? (only 3 minutes...)

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Questions? (only 1 more minute...)

Jonathon Schramm

Merry Lea Environmental Learning Center of Goshen College

"In wild wetlands is the preservation of the world"

or, Wetland restoration and the future of our rivers

Dr. Jonathon Schramm Sustainability and Environmental Education Dept. Goshen College





The first call to action was to acute threats,

our call is to a chronic one, the simple loss of habitat.





Photo by Alfred Eisenstaedt, LIFE Picture Collection



SPRING

lachel

Carson

Merry Lea Environmental Learning Center of Gastien College

Source: Wilcove et al. 1998, Bioscience





Source: US FWS, Wetlands Mapper



Wetland Losses

- Glacial Midwest has been especially hard hit
- Agricultural drainage and urban development



87% in Indiana!



Merry Lea Environmental Learning Center of Gastien College

Legislation and Wetlands



Swamp Lands Acts (1849, 1850, 1860)

 More holistic: Clean Water Act (1977) and Food Security Act (1985)



Source: King County (WA)



Source: Ducks Unlimited Canada

Environmental Learning Center of Gostien College



Wetland Restoration at Merry Lea



Onion Bottom - 1991

Onion Bottom - 1991



Onion Bottom - 2016

trained in a

Kesling Wetland - 1991



Kesling Wetland - 1993

Kesling Wetland - 2014





Wilmer Meadow - 2010





Wilmer Meadow - 2011



Wilmer Meadow - 2016
Benefits of Aiming High

- Biodiversity is waiting (and beautiful)!
- Improved hydrology increasingly crucial in changing world



Imagine the St. Joe Basin...

Continuing to add wetland acreage year-by-year

Investing in quality restorations that benefit people and place

This can be our future!



Thank You!

Questions? (only 3 minutes...)

Questions? (only 2 minutes...)

Questions? (only 1 more minute...)

Thank You Everybody!